

BALINSKA, H.; LEWINSKA, K.; ROMANIUK, A.; WYRWICKA, W.

The effect of lesions of the medial hypothalamus on internal inhibition in the alimentary conditioned reflexes type II. Acta Biol Exp 21:189-197 '61.

1. Physiological Laboratory, University of Lodz, Poland, and
Department of Neurophysiology, Nencki Institute of Experimental
Biology, Warsaw.
(HYPOTHALAMUS physiol) (REFLEX CONDITIONED)

LEWINSKI, P. (Poland)

Some results of the activity of the Transport Permanent
Committee of the Council for Mutual Economic Assistance.
Probleme econ 17 no. 4:Supplement:52-60 Ap '64.

LEWINSKI, Piotr, mgr inż.

Letter of congratulation to the Transportation and Communication Publishing Agency on the occasion of its 15th anniversary. Przegl
koleg mechan 11 no.10:226 0 '64

1. Minister of Transportation, Warsaw.

LEWINSKI, Piotr, mgr inż.

Fifteen years of the Publication Agency for Transportation
and Communication. Przegl kolej elektrotech 11 no.10:226 O '64.

1. Minister of Transportation, Warsaw.

LEVIN'SKI, Petr [Lewinski, Piotr], inzh. (Varshava)

Development of railroad transportation in the Polish People's Republic.
Zhal.dor.transp. 46 no.9:81-88 S '64. (MIRA 17:10)

1. Ministr putey soobshcheniya Pol'skoy Narodnoy Respubliky.

LEWINSKI, Tadeusz

Two cases of radical operations of malignant adenoma of the thyroid.
Polski przegl. chir. 28 no.6:559-562 June 56.

1. Z Oddzialu Chirurg. Instytutu Onkologii im. Marii Sklodowskiej-Curie w Warszawie Kierownik Oddzialu: doc. dr. T. Koszarowski,
Dyrektor Instytutu: prof. dr. Fr. Lukaszczuk, Warszawa 32, ul.
Pachyla 7 m. 2.

(THYROID GLAND, neoplasms,
adenoma, malignant, radical surg. (Pol))

LEWINSKI, Tadeusz

Case of malignant adenoma of the thyroid from Hurthle's cells with metastases to the clavicle treated by surgery and by roentgen rays. Polski przegl. chir. 28 no.6:597-600 June 56.

1. Z Oddzialu Chirurg. Instytutu Onkologii im. Marii Skłodowskiej-Curie w Warszawie Kierownik Oddzialu: doc. dr. T. Koszarowski, Dyrektor Instytutu: prof. dr. Fr. Lukaszczuk, Warszawa 32, ul. Pochyla 7 m. 2.

(THYROID GLAND, neoplasms,
adenoma with metastases to clavicle, surg. & x-ray ther.
(Pol))

(CLAVICLE, neoplasms,
adenoma, metastatic from thyroid gland, surg. & x-ray ther.
(Pol))

(RADIOTHERAPY, in various diseases,
adenoma of thyroid gland with metastases to clavicle (Pol))

LEWINSKI, Tadeusz; WERNER-BRZEZINSKA, Hanna.

Babcock-Bacon's abdomino-perineal excision of the rectum with preservation of the sphincter; indications and remote results. Polski tygod. lek. 12 no.26:989-996 24 June 57.

1. Z Oddzialu Chirurgicznego Instytutu Onkologii im. Marii Sklodowskiej-Curie w Warszawie; kierownik Oddzialu; doc. dr med. T. Koszarowski: dyrektor Instytutu: prof. dr med. Fr. Laskiewicz. Adres: Warszawa 32, ul Pochyla 7 m 2.

(RECTOM, surgery,

Babcock-Bacon's abdom.-perineal excis. with preserv. of sphincter (Pol))

KOSZAROWSKI, Tadeusz; LEWINSKI, Tadeusz

Ulcus pepticum oesophagi. Polski tygod. lek. 14 no.2:66-70 12 Jan
59.

1. Z Oddziału Chirurgicznego Instytut Onkologii w Warszawie; kierownik
oddziału: doc. dr med. T. Koszarowski; dyrektor Instytutu: prof. dr
med. J. Laskowski. Adres: Warszawa, Instytut Onkologii, ul. Wawelska 15.

(ESOPHAGUS, dis.
peptic esophagitis (Pol))
(PEPTIC ULCER, case reports
esophageal (Pol))

LEWINSKI, Tadeusz

Breathing exercises and expectoration before and after thoracic
surgery. Polski przegl.chir. 32 no.7:617-627 J1 '60.
(THORAX surg)
(BREATHING EXERCISES)

LEWINSKI, Tadeusz

Management of patients after thoracic surgery in the Sully Hospital
in Great Britain. Polski przegl. chir. 33 no.5:439-450 '61.
(PNEUMONECTOMY) (POSTOPERATIVE CARE)

POLAND

LEWINSKI, Tadeusz. Surgical Division (Oddzial Chirurgiczny)
(Director: Prof. Dr. med. T. KOSZAROWSKI) of the Oncology
Institute (Instytut Onkologii) in Warsaw (Director: Prof.
Dr. med. J. LASKOWSKI)

"Primary Neoplasms of Chest Wall and Their Surgical Treatment."

Warsaw, Polski Tygodnik Lekarski, Vol 17, No 39, 24 Sep 62,
pp 1506-1513.

Abstract: [Author's English summary modified] Author reports
on a ten-year study on the description, classification,
treatment, and follow-up of chest-wall neoplasms, and con-
cludes that surgery is the choice method for treatment of
chest wall tumors, especially of soft somatic tissues. Long
term follow up indicates better prognosis in tumors of the
soft tissues than in the skeletal parts of the chest wall.
Of the 31 references, 10 are Polish, 2 German, 2 Italian,
and 17 English.

1/1

S/081/62/000/024/026/052
B117/B186

AUTHORS: Czarnecki, Jerzy, Kwasnik, Jerzy, Lewinski, Tadeusz,
Penczek, Piotr, Pyrko, Romuald

TITLE: Method for the production of nitrocellulose adhesives

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 24.(II), 1962, 892,
abstract 24P559 (Zakłady Chemiczne "Pronit". Polish pat.
44675, May 17, 1961)

TEXT: Nitrocellulose (I) (nitrogen content 10.5 - 11 %) dehydrated with ethyl alcohol (II), concentration 80 - 90 %, or aqueous nitrocellulose containing ~30 % water, are used for producing adhesives. When using aqueous nitrocellulose, substances are added to the adhesive which either react with water or bind the adhesive in the form of crystal water ($MgSO_4$, Na_2SO_4 , or $CaSO_4$). The total amount or part of (I) can be replaced by waste celluloid. The latter is first decomposed by boiling in water with pyridine or in pure water at 140°C under pressure. 94 % ethyl alcohol (II) containing benzene, toluene, and small amounts of ether, ketones, or high-boiling alcohols is used as a solvent for (I).
Card 1/2

Method for the production of ...

S/081/62/000/024/026/052
B117/B186

The total amount of solvent is less than 30 %. 0.1 - 1 % of some resins soluble in a mixture of (II) and aromatic hydrocarbons as well as surface-active substances can be added to the adhesive, improving the solubility of (I) and the penetration of the adhesive into porous material. Adhesives containing sulfates are used for inflexible material such as floorings or in musical instruments. Adhesives without sulfate are used for leather, textiles, paper, wood, and porcelain. Fillers such as chalk, gypsum, or kaolin (2-8 parts per part of (I)) may be added to adhesives used for flooring. The above adhesive is less expensive and less toxic than nitrocellulose-base adhesives dissolved in ether or ketones. It can be used for gluing materials that contain nitrocellulose without softening. Nondehydrated nitrocellulose may be used for producing this adhesive. [Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]

Card 2/2

LEWINSKI, Tadeusz; BURACZEWSKI, Janusz

Peptic stenosis of the esophagus in patients with hernia of
the esophageal hiatus. Pol. tyg. lek. 19 no.49:1886-1888
7 D '64

1. Z Oddzialu Chirurgicznego (kierownik: prof. dr. T.Koszarowski)
i z Zakladu Radiodiagnostyki (kierownik: doc. dr. J.Buraczewski)
Instytutu Onkologii w Warszawie.

BURACZEWSKI, Janusz; LEWINSKI, Tadeusz

Remarks on the correct procedure in cases in which radiological examination suggests pulmonary cancer. Wiad. lek. 18 no.10: 841-847 15 My '65.

1. Z Zakladu Radiodiagnostyki (Kierownik: doc. dr. J. Buraczewski) i z Oddzialu Chirurgicznego Instytutu Onkologii w Warszawie (Kierownik: prof. dr. T. Koszarowski).

LEWINSKI, Tadeusz

Early diagnosis of pulmonary cancer. Wiad. lek. 18 no.11:
935-939 1 Je '65.

l. z Oddzialu Chirurgii Instytutu Onkologii w Warszawie
(Kierownik Oddzialu: prof. dr. med. T. Koszarowski).

LEWINSKI, Tadeusz

Surgical interruption of symptoms of pulmonary hypertrophic
osteoarthropathy. Pol. tyg. lek. 20 no.36:1352-1354 6 S '65.

1. Z Oddzialu Chirurgicznego Instytutu Onkologii w Warszawie
(Kierownik: prof. dr. med. T. Koszarowski).

LEWINSKI, Tadeusz

Clinical value of the cytological examination of sputum in the diagnosis of bronchial cancer. Pol. tyg. lek. 20 no.36:1360-1362
6 S '65.

Lymphatic and vascular spreading of pulmonary cancer. Ibid.:
1374-1377

l. Z Oddzialu Chirurgicznego Instytutu Onkologii w Warszawie
(Kierownik: prof. dr. med. T. Koszarowski).

LEWINSKI, Tadeusz; JACK, Gordon D.

Primary pulmonary cancer in young patients. Pol. tyg. lek. 20
no.36:1349-1352 6 S '65.

1. Z Oddzialu Chirurgicznego Instytutu Onkologii w Warszawie
(Kierownik: prof. dr. med. T. Koszarowski) i z Thoracic Unit,
Park Hospital i Baguley Hospital, Manchester (Kierownik:
G.D. Jack, F.R.C.S. (E)).

DZIUKOWA, Janina; LEWINSKI, Tadeusz

Case of solitary localised circumscribed of the pleura with an unusual localization in the intralobar fissure. Pol. tyg. lek. 20 no.36:1372-1373 6 S '65.

1. Z Zakladu Radiodiagnostyki (Kierownik: doc. dr. med. J. Buraczewski) i z Oddzialu Chirurgicznego (Kierownik: prof. dr. med. T. Koszarowski) Instytutu Onkologii w Warszawie.

PAKUTA, R.; LEWINSON, L.; BABCZYNSSKA, F.

Variability of *Streptococcus viridans* under the effect of
sulfathiazole, penicillin, and chloramphenicol. Zhur.mikro-
biol. epid. i immun. no.8:115 Ag '55 (MLRA 8:11)
(STREPTOCOCCUS) (ANTIBIOTICS) (SULFATHIAZOLE)

Variations in wind direction and velocity, sometimes substantial,
occur over short distances. This is especially true in the Black
Country where the terrain is hilly and the air is often turbulent.
TIME - The time of day has a marked influence on the wind.
In the morning, the air is still and the wind is light. As the sun rises,
the air begins to move and the wind increases.

At the same time, the temperature of the air increases.

L. Z. Roberts

LÉVÍT K. Neurologická Klin. Univ. v Praze. O'výmělných presunech vzduchu z komorového systému do subarachnoidního prostoru. The deliberate transfer of air from the ventricular system into the subarachnoid spaces in pneumoencephalography. Neurol. Psychiatr. cas. 1949, 12/6 (263-268) Illus. 10

After the introduction of a small volume of air (20-30 ml.) X-ray pictures can be taken first of the ventricular system and subsequently of the subarachnoid spaces. When the pictures of the ventricular system have been taken the patient is placed in the supine position and the head bent back as far as possible. After a few minutes in this position the patient is slowly sat up and the air enters the subarachnoid spaces and the basal cisterns leaving the ventricles empty. The advantages of this method are the small quantity of air required, the clarity of the X-rays - in particular of the 3rd ventricle and the subarachnoid space, and the possibility of obtaining air filling of the subarachnoid space after ventriculography. By a series of lateral X-ray photographs in the head back position the transfer of air through the 3rd ventricle and up the cervical part of the spinal canal can be followed and the speed checked. Therefore the importance of speed in taking X-ray photographs of the 3rd ventricle is emphasized. In 154 cases there were 30 failures.

Author (VIII, 14)

Sc: Neurology & Psychiatry Section VIII, Vol. 4, No. 1 - 5

JIROUT, J.; IKWIT, K.

Certain unusual vascular and tissue reactions in cerebral angiography.
Neur. Psychiat. cesk. 14 no.2-4:76-82 Aug 51. (CML 21:5)

1. Of the Neurological Clinic (Head--Prof. K. Henner, M.D.) of Charles University, Prague.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929710

DRECHSLER, B.; LEWIT, K.; STARY, O.

Variation of localization of cortical motor function. Neur. Psychiat.
cesk. 15 no. 1-2:27-34 Apr 1952. (CIML 22:3)

1. Of the Neurological Clinic (Head--Prof. K. Henner, M. D.) of
Charles University, Prague.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929710C

LEWIT, K., Dr.

Tolerance of pneumoencephalography in intracranial tumors; experience with pneumoencephalography at the neurological clinic during 1942-1950. Cas.lek.cesk. 91 no.33:952-958 15 Aug 52.

1. Z neurologické kliniky Karlovy university. Prednosta: prof. dr. K.Henner.

(BRAIN, radiography,

pneumoencephalography, tolerance in brain tumor)

(BRAIN, neoplasms,

tolerance to pneumoencephalography)

LEWIT, K., Dr.; STARY, O., dr.

Modifications of skin temperature following therapeutic interventions in diskogenic syndromes. Neur. & Psychiat.
cesk. 18 no.6:407-413 Nov 55.

1. Z neurologické kliniky Karlovy univerzity v Praze,
prednosta akademik K. Henner.

(BODY TEMPERATURE, in various diseases,
intervertebral disk displacement, eff. of
various ther. procedures on skin temperature. (Cs))

(INTERVERTEBRAL DISK DISPLACEMENT, therapy
eff. of various procedures on skin temperature. (Cs))

LEWIT, Karel, Dr.

Cervical spine; humero-scapular periarthritis and acute cervical myalgia. Acta chir. orthop. traum. czech. 22 no.6:208-214 Nov 55.

1. Neurologicka klinika akademika Hennera v Praze.

(PERIARTHRITIS,

humero-scapular, with acute cervical myalgia.)

(NECK, diseases.

myalgia, with humero-scapular periarthritis.)

(SHOULDER, diseases.

humero-scapular periarthritis with acute cervical myalgia.)

LEWIT, Karel, Dr.

Traction test. Cas. lek. cesk. 94 no.3:60-66 14 Jan 55.

1. Neurologicka klinika prof. Hennera

(NECK, diseases

cervicocranial synd., diag., traction test)

(CRANIUM, diseases

cervicocranial synd., diag., traction test)

JOROUT, J., Doc., Dr.; LEWIT, K., Dr.

Cases of fibrous dysplasia with disturbances of the nervous system.
Cesk. roentg. 10 no. 4:163-170 Dec 56.

1. Neurologicka Klinika Akademika K. Hennera.
(BONE DISEASES, compl.
fibrous dysplasia with NS dis. (Cz))
(NERVOUS SYSTEM, dis.
with fibrous dysplasia of bones (Cz))

Lewit, Karel

KLIMKOVA-DEUTSCHOVA, Eliška, As. MUDr.; LEWIT, Karel, As. MUDr.

Basilar impression, its clinical diagnosis and the results of surgical treatment.
Sborn. lek. 58 no.3:53-68 Mar 56.

1. Z neurologicke Kliniky Karlovy university, prednosta akademik K. Henner.

(ATLANTO-OCCIPITAL JOINT, abnormalities
basilar impression, diag. & surg.)

(ABNORMALITIES
same)

LEWIT, K.

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec.14 Vol.11/11 Radiology Nov 57.

1964. LEWIT K. Neurol. Hosp., Charles Univ., Prague. *Deviation of the spinous processes BRIT. J. RADIOL. 1957, 30/351 (162-164) Illus. 6 Deviation of the spinous process is of definite clinical significance according to the author, who, in 78% of cases found the pain to correspond precisely to the level or levels of deviation. In the antero-posterior views these deviations, especially in the thoracic spine, frequently signify a rotation of the vertebra.

Sarian - Los Angeles, Calif

LEWIT, Karel (Praha-Hradcany, Basta sv. Tomase 7)

Experiences with chiropractic. Cas. lek. cesk. 97 no.22:676-681 30
May 58.

1. Neurologicka klinika Karlovy university, prednosta akademik K.
Henner.

(CHIROPRACTIC
in Czech (Cz))

LEWIT, K.

Clinical aspect and importance of sacroiliac subluxation. Cesk.
neur. 22 no.3:174-182 May 59.

1. Neurologicka klinika lek. fakulty Karlovy university v Praze,
prednosta akademik prof. K. Hennar.
(SACROILIAC JOINT, dis loc.
subluxation (Cz))

LEWIT, Karel

Meniere's disease and the cervical spine. Cesk.otolar. 8 no.6:
340-347 D '59.

1. Neurologicka klinika KU v Praze, prednosta akademik K. Henner.
(MENIERE'S DISEASE ther.)
(SPINE dis.)

LEWIT, Karel

Migraine and cervical spine; experience with manipulation (chiropractic) therapy. Cesk. neur. 22 no.1:61-63 Feb 59.

1. Neurologicka klinika lek. fak. Karlovy university v Praze, prednosta akademik K. Henner.

(CHIROPRACTIC, in var. dis.
migraine (Cz))

(MIGRAINE, ther.
chiropractic (Cz))

DISMANOVA, K.; LEWIT, K.

Problem of psychological changes in disk diseases & the importance
of remedial gymnastics. Cesk. Psychiat. 55 no.3:171-177 June 59.

1. Neurologické oddelení OUNZ v Praze 3 a neurologická klinika MU
v Praze.

(INTERVERTEBRAL DISK, dis.
with ment. disord., exercise ther. & psychother. (Cz))

(EXERCISE THERAPY, in various dis.
intervertebral disk dis., vertebrogenic & psychogenic
with psychother. (Cz))

(PSYCHOTHERAPY, in various dis.
intervertebral disk dis. with ment. disord., with exercise
ther. (Cz))

(MENTAL DISORDERS, ther.
psychother. of psychogenic intervertebral disk dis., with
exercise ther. (Cz))

LEWIT, Karel; JANDA, Vladimir

Disorders of the vertebral origin in children and their role in
the prevention of spinal osteochondrosis. Cesk. neurol. 23(56)
no. 7:481-487 '60.

1. Neurologicka klinika LFHKO Praha 12, z. prednosti doc. dr
Zdenek Macek.
(OSTEOCHONDRITIS prev & control) (SPINE dis)

LEWIT, K.

Meniere's disease and the cervical spine. Rev. Czech. med. 7 no.2:
129-139 '61.

1. Neurological Clinic of the Faculty of Hygiene, Charles University,
Prague. Director: Doc. Z. Macek, M. D.

(MENIERE'S DISEASE etiol) (SPINE diseases)
(CHIROPRACTIC)

LEWIT, Karel

2 cases of unusual pathological vascularization of the brain. Cesk.
rentgenol, 16 no.2:81-85 Ap '62.

1. Neurologicka klinika fakulty hygienicke University Karlovy v Praze
10, prednosta doc. MUDr. Z. Macek.

(BRAIN blood supply) (BRAIN NEOPLASMS radiog)

LEWIT, K.; KRAUSOVA, L.

Study of the flexion function of the cervical spine. Cesk. neurol.
25 no. 3:160-165 My '62.

1. Neurologicka klinika lekarske fakulty hygienicke KU v Praze 10,
prednosta doc. dr. Z. Macek Neurologicka klinika fakulty vseobecneho
lekarsstvi KU v Praze, prednosta akademik K. Henner.

(SPINE physiology)

LEWIT, Karel

Commotio and the cervical spine. Rozhl. chir. 41 no.4:258-261
Ap '62.

1. Neurologicka klinika LFH KU v Praze 10, prednosta doc. MUDr.
Z Macek.
(BRAIN wds & inj) (SPINE wds & inj)

LEWIT, Karel; TESAROVA, Alena

Role of manipulation therapy in faulty and scoliotic postures in children (with special reference to sacro-iliac subluxation).
Cesk. pediat. 16 no.11:990-998 N '61.

1. Neurologicka klinika hygienicke fakulty KU v Praze 10, prednosta doc. Z.Macek Detska chirurgicka klinika, pediatricke fakulty KU, prednosta prof. V.Kalka.
(SCOLIOSIS in inf & child) (POSTURE in inf & child)
(SACROILIAC JOINT fract & disloc)

CZECHOSLOVAKIA APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000929710

K. LEWIT and V. JANDA, Neurologic Clinic of the Faculty of Medicine, Hygiene (Neurologicka klinika lekarske fakulty hygienicke); Head (prednosta) Prof Dr Z. MACEK, Charles University (KU [=Karlove Universita],) Prague.

"Development of the Functional Disturbances of the Spine in Childhood and Cases of Prevention of Vertebrogenic Defects."

Prague, Ceskoslovenska Neurologie, Vol 26, No 2, 1963; pp 73-80.

Abstract [English summary modified]: Study of 29 boys and 43 girls, all grammar school students: 29 had sacro-iliac dislocation of various degrees, accompanied by fixation of the pelvic girdle in all but 6. The defect is strictly functional, easy to diagnose on sight and but palpation, and easy to reduce by manipulative therapy, with cure or permanent improvement in virtually all cases. Graph, 2 tables, 2 photographs, 3 diagrams.

1/1

and synergistic (and occasionally fixator) muscle groups; laudatory comments about Sister Kenny's programs; discussion about "kinesiologic status," calisthenics, manipulative treatment and peripheral reflex therapy in various degrees of lordosis and related syndromes centering attention on the proximal muscular groups of the upper and lower extremities.

LEWIT,K.; KRAUSOVA,L. Technicka spoluprace: KNEIDLLOVA, D.

Results of measurements of anteflexion and retroflexion in the
craniocervical junction. Cesk. neurol. 26 no.6:371-376 N'63.

1. Neurologicka klinika fakulty vseobecneho lekarstvi KU v
Praze, (prednosta akademik K.Henner); Neurologicka klinika
lekarske fakulty hygienicke KU v Praze (prednosta prof. dr.
Z.Macek).



LEWIT, K.

Painful blocking of a segment of the spine as a symptom of an
extramedullary intraspinal expansive process. Cesk. neurol. 27
no.4:269-275 Jl:64

1. Neurologicka klinika hygienicke fakulty KU [Karlov y univer-
sity] v Praze; prednosta: prof. dr. Z.Macek.

LEWIT, K., KRAUSOVA, L.

Mechanism and measurement of movement in the craniocervical joint on side-bending. Česk. neurol. 27 no. 5:299-302 S '64.

1. Neurologicka klinika lekarske fakulty hygienicke Karlovy University v Praze, (prednosta prof. dr. Z. Macek) a Neurologicka klinika fakulty všeobecného lekarství Karlovy University (prednosta akademik K. Henner).

~~LEWIT, Nevsimal.~~

Experiences with vertebral therapy of certain spondylogenic
diseases of the cervical spine. Neur. & Psychiat. cesk.
18 no.6:393-400 Nov 55.

1. Z neurologické kliniky Karlovy university v Praze, predn.
akad. K. Henner.

(SPINAL CORD, diseases,
cervical lesions causing extraspinal synd., ther.,
traction & chiropractic techniques. (Cz))

LEMITAS, J.

Conference on waterproof insulating materials in building. p. 65. (PRZEGŁAD
BUDOWLANY, Vol. 26, No. 3, Mar. 1954, Warszawa, Poland)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EEAL), LC, Vol 3, No. 12, Dec.
1954, Uncl.

LEWITAS J

LEWITAS, J.

Quick curing of concrete at the construction site while various kinds of cement and chemical ingredients are used.

p. 13 (Budownictwo Przemyslowe) Vol.4, no. 9, Sept. 1955, Warszawa, Poland

SO: MONTHLY INDEX OF EAST EUROPEAN ACCESSIONS (EEAI) LC, VOL. 7, NO. 1, JAN. 1958

LEWITAS, J., doc. inz.

Elaboration of quick methods of determining the strength of
cement by autoclavization. Przegl budowl i bud mieszk 34
nr.10:636 0 '62.

L 27463-66 EWT(1)/EWT(m)/EWP(f)/T-2/ETC(m)-6 DIAAP WW

ACC NR: AP6015732 SOURCE CODE: P0/0102/66/000/004/0005/0008

AUTHOR: Lewitowicz, J. (Master of arts; Engineer) 49
B

ORG: none 19

TITLE: Isotope method for measuring the specific weight of gases leaving a turbojet engine nozzle 23

SOURCE: Technika lotnicza i astronautyczna, no. 4, 1966, 5-8

TOPIC TAGS: rocket exhaust, exhaust gas, turbojet, combustion product, gas combustion, radiotracer

ABSTRACT: The use of radioactive isotopes facilitates measurements of the specific weight of gases leaving turbojet nozzles. The radiotracer method, based on recording of β -radiation, has been stand-tested and found satisfactory. Tl^{204} isotope with 0.77 Mev β -radiation was found to give maximum accuracy. Measurements made with this method were found to be accurate within 3.5% and 4% under steady and nonsteady engine operation. With improved electronic and integrating equipment, this accuracy can be increased. With a fast integrator, the method can also be applied to measuring exhaust products of rocket engines. Orig. art. has: 10 figures. [BP]

SUB CODE: 21/ SUBM DATE: none/ ORIG REF: 003/ SOV REF: 003/ ATD PRESS: 4260

Card 1/1 BLG

UDC: 531.758:621.438.019.9:621.454

LEWKO, Jan

Power-load receiver for pulse testing of vacuum and gas tubes.
Przegl elektroniki 3 no.7:406-408 Jl '62.

1. Przemyslowy Instytut Elektroniki, Warszawa.

LEWKO, Jan; GRUCHALSKA, Hanna

A complex high-frequency correction circuit for a wide-band amplifier stage employing modern vacuum tubes. Przegl elektroniki 3 no.6:352-357 Je '62.

1. Przemyslowy Instytut Elektroniki, Warszawa.

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BARWICZ, Wieslaw; LEJKO, Jan

New method of measuring direct voltage with the digital indicator. Przegl elektroniki 4 no. 2: 117-120 '63.

1. Katedra Elektroniki, Politechnika, Wrocław, i Przemysłowy Instytut Elektroniki, Warszawa.

LEWKOWICZ, Anatol, mgr inz.

On the way to the mechanization of loading. Przegl techn
no.6:1, 3 10 F '63.

LEWKOWICZ, A., mgr inz.

Through modernization of technology to technical progress.
Przegl techn 84 no. 32: 3,4 11 Ag '63.

LEWKOWICZ, Anatol, mgr inz.

Transportation development during the years 1965-1966.
Przegl techn 86 no.11:5 14 Mr '65.

1. Committee for Science and Technology, Warsaw.

AUTHOR: Kierszenkier, H. (Doctor) /*Przegl. mechan. - 1959, s. 10*/

TITLE: Hydraulic jet amplifier

TYPE: Przeglad mechaniczny, no. 1, 1959, s. 10

ABSTRACT: automatic control, hydraulic jet amplifier, control equipment, fluid equipment

CERTIFICATE: This Author Certificate introduces a hydraulic jet amplifier for automatic control systems. It eliminates the errors of conventional amplifiers by using a forced outflow of the medium from the discharge chamber thus making the position of the amplifier independent of the fluid reservoir in the circuit. The author's certificate follows:

APR 21 1967
...trifaces 2 and 3, and permits the jet of fluid to be controlled by controlling the action of servo-unit 9. The air-tight interface [] makes a free outflow of fluid under pressure possible. orig. art. has: 1 figure. [AC]

ILLUSTRATIONS: none

APR 21 1967

APR 21 1967 4067

ACCESSION NR: AP5019970

ENCLOSURE . 01

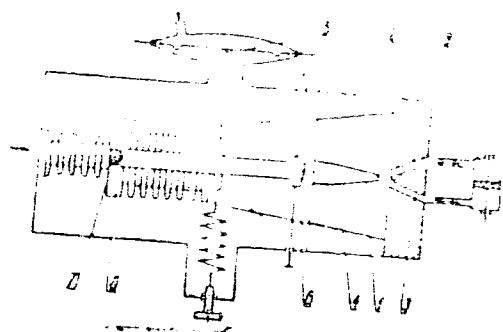


Fig. 1. Hydraulic jet amplifier

1 - Nozzle; 2, 3 - orifices; 4 - charge chamber; 5 - piston; 6 - pump; 7 - servo-unit.

LEWKOWICZ, K.

Difference of opinions regarding rheumatism. Polski tygod. lek.
5:13, 27 Mar. 50. p. 481-4

CLML 19, 5, Nov., 1950

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929710

LEWKOWICZ, Ksawery

Fiber swelling in rheumatoid arthritis. Polski tygod.lek. 10 no.13:
28 Mar 55.
(ARTHRITIS, RHEUMATOID, pathology.
fiber swelling)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929710C

LEWKOWICZ, Ksawery

Role of a pyrogenic and necrotic factor in the blood in rheumatism in
etiology and pathogenesis of rheumatism and scarlet fever. Poleki
tygod. lek. 11 no.36:1561-1565 3 Sept 56.

1. Krakow, ul. Krowoderska 19/20.

(RHEUMATISM, blood in,
pyrogenic & necrotic factor in rheum., etiol. & pathogen.

role in rheum. & scarlet fever (Pol))

(SCARLET FEVER, etiology and pathogenesis,
pyrogenic & necrotic factor in blood in rheum. in etiol.
& pathogen. of rheum. & scarlet fever (Pol))

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929710

LEWKOWICZ, Mieczyslaw

The scientific library of the Polish Military College of Technology.
Przegl techn no.52:3 D '61.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929710C

KIMMEL, Zbigniew; LEWKOWICZ, Teresa

A case of "panniculitis nodularis non-suppurativa recidivans".
Polski tygod.lek. 15 no.13:477-478 28 Mr.'60.

1. Z Oddzialu Wewnetrznego II Szpitala Miejskiego w Gliwicach;
dyrektor Szpitala: dr K. Bienkowski; ordynator Oddzialu: dr
E. Hoffman.

(PANNICULITIS case reports)

LEWKOWSKI, Waleriy

Contraindications in the use of antikol in the treatment of
alcoholism. Pol. tyg. lek. 20 no.6:222-223 8 F '65

1. Z Przychodni Zdrowia Psychicznego m. Lodz1 (Dyrektor: dr.
Krystyna Groblewska).

L 22371-66 EWT(1) IJP(c) AT
ACC NR: AP6009604

SOURCE CODE: P0/0045/65/028/004/0483/0490

73
B

AUTHOR: Lewowska, L.; Sujak, B.

ORG: Laboratory for Induced Electron Emission, Institute of Experimental Physics, Wroclaw University

TITLE: Effect of light intensity on the decay curves of photostimulated (exo)electron emission from Al_2O_3 layers on aluminum

SOURCE: Acta physica polonica, v. 28, no. 4, 1965, 483-490

TOPIC TAGS: light effect, decay curve, electron emission, temperature dependence, activation energy, Fermi level, optical excitation

ABSTRACT: The shape of the decay curves of photostimulated electron emission from anodic Al_2O_3 layers is found to depend strongly on the intensity of stimulating light. The experimental curves of emission versus time were approximated by means of a sum of exponentials, and the decay constants λ were determined for various intensities of light, leading to a relationship between the form of the decay constants $\lambda \sim J^{1/2}$. Moreover, the temperature-dependence of the decay constant was investigated; the relations derived yielded the activation energy E . It is suggested

Card 1/2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000929710

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ACC NR: AP6009604

that the decay constant λ_1 is proportional to the number of free electrons n per unit volume of the crystal, whereas the value of E determined from the temperature-dependence of the decay constant λ_1 , corresponds to the distance between the Fermi quasi-level and the bottom of the conduction band at a given value of optical excitation. Orig. art. has: 4 figures and 10 formulas. [Based on author's abstract] [KS]

SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: 09Mar65/ ORIG REF: 007/ OTH REF: 004/

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000929710
Card 2 /2ddo-

POLAND/Cosmochemistry, Geochemistry, Hydrochemistry.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 9, 1958, 28285
Author : Chmura, K. and Lewowicki, S.
Inst :
Title : Roleslav Quartzites and Their Economic Importance.
Orig Pub : Przeglad Geol, 5, No 6, 264-271 (1957) (in Polish)

Abstract : The investigation of tertiary quartzites whose outcrops accompany miocene brown coal deposits is reported. The chemical composition of samples from ten formations according to 127 analyses is as follows (in %): p.p.p. /TN: meaning of abbreviation not known/ up to 7.81, SiO₂ 87.99-60, Al₂O₃ 0.02-7.95, Fe₂O₃ 0.05-2.16, CaO up to 0.50, MgO up to 0.23, TiO₂ up to 0.45. Physical and technical indices: before sintering--porosity 0.20-22.00, bulk density 2.10-2.98, specific gravity 2.18-2.66,

Card 1/2

POLAND/Cosmochemistry. Geochemistry. Hydrochemistry.
Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 9, 1958, 28285

D.

heat resistance 32/35 Zeeger cone [TN: spelling uncertain]; after sintering--porosity 2.31-22.8, bulk density 1.92-2.58, sp. gr. 2.40-2.61. The mineral composition and particle size distribution were also investigated. Two deposits are of commercial importance: Kleshchova-Osechnitsa and Oldzhykhuv. From the rounding of the grains and from the mineral composition the authors assume that the quartzites under discussion were formed from upper cretaceous sandstones. However, the conditions under which they were formed and the related silicification process still remain to be clarified.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513

COUNTRY	: Poland	D
CATEGORY	: Cosmochemistry. Geochemistry. Hydrochemistry.	
ABS. JOUR.	: RZKhim., No. 15 1958, No.	56674
AUTHOR	: Chmura, K., Lewowicki, S., and Palubicki, R.	
INST.	: Not given	
TITLE	: New Feldspar Deposit in Lower Silesia	
ORIG. PUB.	Przeglad Geol, 6, No 8-9, 395 (1958)	
ABSTRACT	Data are presented on the chemical composition of the feldspar and on the composition limits of fresh and weathered rocks, based on 13 analyses.	

LEWOWICKI, S.

COUNTRY : Poland
CATEGORY :
ABS. JCUR. : RZKhim., No. 20 1959, No. 71068
AUTHOR : Lewowicki, S.
INST. :
TITLE : Potassic Trachyte from Siedlc Near Krzeszowic

ORIG. PUB. : Przegl. geol., 1959, 7, No 1, 32-34

ABSTRACT : Potassic trachytes constitute a dyke-like body intruded in limestones. A determination was made of the chemical composition of light-colored and dark-bronzy varieties of trachyte (in %): SiO₂ 74.73-76.69; 71.0-74.16; Al₂O₃ 13.24-14.92; 13.45-15.38; Fe₂O₃ 0.34-1.0; 0.59-1.65; CaO + MgO 1.0-1.6; 1.0-2.0; Na₂O + K₂O 6.22-7.06; 6.20-7.68; K₂O 3.80-5.80; 5.40-6.40; losses on calcination 2.25-2.65; 2.01-3.73. Along the contact is found a zone of altered rocks. Chemical composition (in %): SiO₂ 66.72; Al₂O₃ 19.02; Fe₂O₃ 0.95; CaO 2.22; MgO 0.39; TiO₂ 0.10; K₂O + Na₂O 6.50; calcination losses 4.90. -- G. Volkov.

CARD:

3

LEWOWICKI, Stanislaw

Characteristics of the quartz reef in the Rozdroze Izerskie area. Kwartalnik geol 9 no.1:42-52 '65.

1. Institute of Refactory Materials, Gliwice. Submitted January 16, 1964.

L 4342-66 EWP(i)/EWP(t)/EWP(b) JD

ACCESSION NR: AP5024616

PO/0045/65/028/003/0343/0348 47

46

3

AUTHOR: Lewowski, T.; Sendecki, S.; Sujak, B.

TITLE: Current-voltage characteristics of a system of thin metal-insulator-metal films

SOURCE: Acta physica polonica, v. 28, no. 3, 1965, 343-348

TOPIC TAGS: volt ampere characteristic, dielectric capacitor, thin film circuit

ABSTRACT: The current-voltage characteristics of metal-insulator-metal diodes are studied. Inorganic dielectrics (CaF_2 and MgF_2) were studied together with organic insulators (plexiglass and collodium). Epoxy resin was used for cementing a sheet of mica a few hundredths of a millimeter thick to a silver film with a 5 mm aperture in the center. An aluminum, nickel, or silver plate precoated with the dielectric was then cemented to the other side of the mica sheet. A nickel-collodium-silver diode shows a maximum current at about 2 volts. The height of the maximum varies from a few ma to several dozen ma from one specimen to another and from one measuring cycle to another. The measurement cycle consisted of increasing the applied voltage from zero up to some definite value at a constant rate, and then reducing the voltage back to zero. It was found that the current maximum during decreasing voltage depends on

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L 4342-66
ACCESSION NR: AP5024616

the maximum voltage previously applied to the diode. In general, the maximum current increases with the maximum voltage. A maximum current was observed at a little over 3 volts for a CaF_2 dielectric. Specimens with this type of dielectric showed a minimum on the current-voltage curve between 8 and 9 volts with a spontaneous rise in current at about 14 volts. A reduction in voltage from this value gives a slightly higher curve than during voltage increase. However, the current minimum during voltage reduction is the same as for voltage increase. The voltage-current characteristics of MgF_2 specimens showed a current maximum between 2 and 3 volts. These measurements were made in vacuum. Measurements of the characteristics of a silver-magnesium fluoride-silver diode in air show a new current maximum at about 0.5 volt which is strongly dependent on atmospheric humidity, while the maximum between 2 and 3 volts is reduced. Reevacuation restores the original shape of the curve. Application of a layer of silicon oil to the upper electrode of this same diode eliminates the maximum at 0.5 volts while the maximum between 2 and 3 volts remains unchanged. The curve for decreasing voltage in this case lies below that for increasing voltage. Two explanations are given for the effect of water vapor and oil on the voltage-current characteristics of the diode: 1) the water vapor or oil could pass through fissures in the dielectric layer to affect the electric field distribution in the diode; and 2) partial destruction of the upper electrode by breakdown may form an irregular metal

Card 2/3

L 4342-66

ACCESSION NR: AP5024616

lattice through which part of the electric field in the diode escapes. In this case, the oil layer pushes the electric field back into the condenser. It is too early to conclude which of these mechanisms is predominant. Orig. art. has: 4 figures.

[14]

ASSOCIATION: Zaklad Wz budzonej Emisji Elektronow przy Katedrze Fizyki Doswiadcza nej, Uniwersytet Wroclawski (Laboratory for Induced Electron Emission, Institute of Experimental Physics, Wroclaw University)

SUBMITTED: 23Feb65

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: EC

NO REF SOV: 000

OTHER: 008

ATD PRESS: 4126

PC
Card 3/3

LEWOWSKA, L.; SUJAK, B.;

Ultraviolet luminescence of an aluminum oxide layer during
its electrolytic formation. Acta physica Pol 23 no.1:13-21
Ja '63.

1. Department of Physics, Technical University, Wroclaw
(for Lewowska). 2. Department of Experimental Physics,
University, Wroclaw (for Sujak).

S/263/62/000/005/006/010
1007/I207

Authors: Lewowska, Ludmiła, Lękowski, Tadeusz, and Sujak Bogdan

Title: THE INFLUENCE OF FILAMENT TEMPERATURE OF AN OPEN-AIR DISCHARGE COUNTER ON THE DISRUPTIVE VOLTAGE OF THE CORONA

Periodical: *Referativnyy zhurnal, Mashinostroyeniye*, no. 5, 1962, 63, abstract 32.5.349 (In "Zesz. nauk. Politechn. wrocławsk", no. 41, 1960 67-74)

Text: Detailed description of methods and experimental results. It is shown that for a filament made of easily oxidizing metals and alloys (W, constantan, etc.) the minimum disruptive voltage in case of a positive corona discharge, corresponds to a temperature of 750°C, and for molybdenum filaments, to 500°C. In the case of platinum, tested for temperatures up to 1300°C, no minimum voltage could be noticed. For negative corona discharges, such a minimum disruptive voltage was also absent. The appearance of a minimum voltage with the increase in temperature is explained by formation of a negative charge as a result of thermionic electron emission from the filament surface. It is suggested to use the open-air discharge counter with heated filament (hot-wire) to record alpha particles or neutrons, since the device is insensitive to atmospheric humidity. There are 5 figures and 10 references.

[Abstractor's note: Complete translation.]

Card 1/1

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000929710

... same basic information. Quartz shows similar properties.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000929710C

LEWOWSKI, T.

Distr: 4E3e 2 cys

Excitation of photostimulated coxelectron emission by anodic oxidation of Al. T. Lewowski (Univ. Wrocław, Poland). Z. Naturforsch. 15a, 90-1(1960). —A.c. anodizing of Al surfaces in (COOH)₂ shows a photostimulated coelectron emission. The white light of a 6-v./18-w. bulb was used as a light source. The decay with time of the coelectron emission is shown in a figure. Photostimulated emission is absent on d.c. anodized surfaces.
F. Schoesberger

3
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2

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21.5300

7(5)

AUTHORS:

Lewowski, T., Sujak, B.

POL/45-18-5-2/11

TITLE:

Behavior of the Open Air Point-counter at Increased
Temperatures

PERIODICAL:

Acta Physica Polonica, 1959, Vol 18, Nr 5, pp 411-418 (Poland)

ABSTRACT:

Open air counters have not found preferable application in nuclear investigations since their operation is rather unstable. However, several earlier investigations indicated a favorable influence of a temperature raise upon the background of open counters. The present paper gives the results of the investigation of an open air point-counter with respect to temperature variation. The aim was to reduce the high operating voltage by means of heat influence and to investigate the open air point-counter, run under continuous discharge (spark counter), operating as an α -particle detector. The experimental arrangement, i.e. the counter mounted into an electric resistance heater, is shown in figure 1. Temperature variation was possible from 20 C to 500 C. At constant pressure (open counter!) the breakdown voltage is inversely proportional to gas (air) temperature (first approximation). This was confirmed by the experiment which, on the average, gave a 30 per cent reduction

Card 1/2

LEWOWSKI, T.; SUJAK, B.

Influence of liquids upon the tribostimulation of aluminum for
photostimulated electron emission. Acta physica Pol 20 no.2:119~
127 '61.

1. Institut für Experimentalphysik der Universität, Wrocław (for
Lewowski). 2. Institut für Experimentalphysik der Universität
Wrocław, und (zur Zeit) The Clarendon Laboratory, Oxford (for Sujak).

S/263/62/000/005/006/010
I007/I207

Authors: Lewowska, Ludmila, Lękowski, Tadeusz, and Sujak Bogdan

Title: THE INFLUENCE OF FILAMENT TEMPERATURE OF AN OPEN-AIR DISCHARGE COUNTER ON THE DISRUPTIVE VOLTAGE OF THE CORONA

Periodical: Referativnyy zhurnal, Mashinostroyeniye, no. 5, 1962, 63, abstract 32.5.349 (In "Zesz. nauk. Politechn. wroclawsk", no. 41, 1960 67-74)

Text: Detailed description of methods and experimental results. It is shown that for a filament made of easily oxidizing metals and alloys (W, constantan, etc.) the minimum disruptive voltage in case of a positive corona discharge, corresponds to a temperature of 750°C, and for molybdenum filaments, to 500°C. In the case of platinum, tested for temperatures up to 1300°C, no minimum voltage could be noticed. For negative corona discharges, such a minimum disruptive voltage was also absent. The appearance of a minimum voltage with the increase in temperature is explained by formation of a negative charge as a result of thermionic electron emission from the filament surface. It is suggested to use the open-air discharge counter with heated filament (hot-wire) to record alpha particles or neutrons, since the device is insensitive to atmospheric humidity. There are 5 figures and 10 references.



[Abstractor's note: Complete translation.]

Card 1/1

21307
P/045/61/020/002/005/006
B108/B209

26.2421
AUTHOR:

Lewowski, Tadeusz

TITLE:

Photo-emission of exo-electrons from an anode-oxidized aluminum layer

PERIODICAL: Acta Physical Polonica, v. 20, no. 2, 1961, 161-166

TEXT: In an earlier paper (Ref. 3: Z. Naturforsch., 15a, 90 (1960)) the author pointed out that photo-stimulated exo-electron emission may be excited on Al_2O_3 layers provided this layer was formed by anode oxidation with a-c current. The present paper gives some results on exo-electron emission from such eloxal layers. The cleaned aluminum samples were oxidized with d-c and a-c current in an aqueous solution of citric or oxalic acid (concentration about 1%). When the samples were dry, they were placed beneath a movable Geiger point counter which a Höppler ultrathermostat kept at a constant temperature of 40°C. The voltage between the sample and the grid bounding the counter at its lower end was 70 v. The sample was irradiated from above by a 6v/20w-bulb, and could be heated up to 600°C by a small electric heater. When the samples were oxidized with d-c current, emission at room temperature

Card 1/5

21307

P/045/61/020/002/005/006
B108/B209

Photo-emission of ...

was found only if the illuminated sample was not fresh any more (more than one measurement). These d-c results are shown in Fig. 2. The photostimulated emission decreases only slowly; e. g., at 400°C it decreases by some 20% within 30 minutes. When the oxide layer is formed by a-c current, emission occurs even at room temperature (Ref. 3) and resembles that of curve 2 in Fig. 2b. The intensity of this emission decreases with time, as shown by curve 2 in Fig. 3. The exponential decay of the intensity of photoelectron emission and the fact that similar half-lives are obtained by different excitation methods (Fig. 3) seem to indicate the presence of similar centers of emission in either case. The method of oxidizing the Al surface was found to affect the intensity of electron emission. Rapid electrolytic oxidation of aluminum at high current densities ($\sim 10^{-2}$ amperes per cm^2) leads to Schottky-type defects in the incompletely oxidized lattice. The trapping levels of the oxide, whose structure resembles that of the F-centers in alkali halides, may become the source of photoelectrons when illuminated. Electron emission from levels of a longer half-life seems to be related to other emission centers in Al_2O_3 or to the etching of Al by citric or oxalic

acid. Electron emission from new samples in the dark at about 330°C (Fig. 2a) is presumably related to the presence of water in the oxide lattice. The

Card 2/5

LEWOWSKI, Tadeusz

Photostimulated emission of exoelectrons from anode-oxidized layers
of aluminum. Acta physica Pol 20 no.2:161-166 '61.

1. Chair of Experimental Physics, University, Wroclaw.

LEWOWSKI, T.; SUJAK, B.

Behavior of the open peak-air thermometer in higher temperatures.
Acta physica Pol 18 no.5:411-418 '59.

1. Institut für Experimentalphysik, Universität, Wrocław.

LEWOWSKI, T.

Luminescence of aluminum electrodes in the process of AC electrolytic
oxidation. Acta physica Pol 23 no.2:215-220 F '63.

1. Institute of Experimental Physics, University, Wroclaw.

MAROS, Dezideriu, ing.; CSULAK, Acatiu, ing.; LEWY, Ladislau, ing.

Profiling the worm cutters for the machining of ratchet wheels by
rolling method. Metalurgia constr mas 13 no.10:880-884 O '61.

{Metal-cutting tools)
(Rolling(Metalwork)

LEWY, Miroslaw

Torsion of the oviduct. Gin.polska 31 no.2:187-194 Mr-Ap '60.

1. Z I Kliniki Poloznictwa i Chorob Kobiecych A.M. w Lodzi. Kierownik; prof. dr J. Sierszewski.
(oviducts dis.)

SOBIERANSKI, Stanislaw; LEWY, Miroslaw; PIECHOWIAK, Zbigniew

Dilatation of the cervical canal in the interruption of pregnancy
by means of modified active dilator of Sobieranski. Gin. polska
32 no.2:245-250 '61.

1. Z I Kliniki Polonictwa i Chorob Kobiecych A.M. w Lodzi Kie-
rownik: prof. dr J. Sieroszewski
(ABORTION THERAPEUTIC)

LEWY, Tadeusz; OWCZAREK, Bozena

Retrosternal pain in patients with diaphragmatic hernia
recognized as coronary insufficiency. Wiad. lek. 18 no.19:
1509-1511 10 '65.

1. Z Oddzialu Chorob Wewnetrznych Szpitala im. L. Pasteura
w Lodzi (Ordynator: dr. med. E. Wawrzynski).

LEWY, Tadeusz; WAWRZYNSKI, Eugeniusz

Blood sugar curves following oral loading with 50 g. of glucose
in chronic pancreatitis. Endokr. Pol. 15 no.5t515-519 L-9 '64

1. Oddzial Wewnetrzny Szpitala imeni L. Pasteura w Lodzⁱ
(Ordynator Oddzialu i Dyrektor Szpitala: dr. med. E. Wawrzynski)

GOIAB, Boguslaw; LEWY, Tadeusz

Favorable effects of strophanthin & drugs with a tonic effect
on the circulatory system in some cases of apoplexy. Polski tygod. lek.
14 no.19:879-880 11 May 59.

l.. Z Oddz. Chorob Wewn. Szpitala im. dr Heleny Wolf w Lodzi: Ordynator:
dr med. Eugeniusz Wawrzynski. Adres: Lodz, Szpital im. dr H. Wolf Oddz.
Chor. Wewn..

(CEREBRAL HEMORRHAGE, ther.

strophanthin, ephedrine & nikethamide (Pol))

(STROPHANTHIN, ther. use
cerebral hemorrh. (Pol))

(EPHEDRINE, ther. use
same)

(NIKETHAMIDE, ther. use
same)

WAWRZYNSKI, Eugeniusz; LEWY, Tadeusz; NIEDZIELSKA-FINKSTEIN, Lucyna;
SZENDZIKOWSKI, Stefan

2 cases cf primary liposarcoma of the abdominal cavity. Pol. tyg. lek.
17 no.42:1641-1643 15 0 '62.

1. Z Oddzialu Chorob Wewnetrznych Szpitala Miejskiego im. dr H. Wolf
w Lodzi; ordynator Oddzialu: dr med. Eugeniusz Wawrzynski; dyrektor
Szpitala: dr Wladyslaw Galczynski i z Zakladu Anatomii Patologicznej
AM w Lodzi; kierownik: prof. dr med. Aleksander Pruszcynski.
(LIPOSARCOMA) (ABDOMINAL NEOPLASMS)

LEWY-RUDNICKA, Anna; KOSMIDERSKI, Szymon

Changes in blood protein levels in pulmonary tuberculosis based
on electrophoretic studies. Gruslica 25 no.2:115-127 Feb 57.

1. Z Oddzialu plucnego Woj. Szpitala MSW w Katowicach Ordynator:
dr. A. Sebanski i Laboratorium tegoż szpitala, Kierownik: dr.
J. Zurkowski Dyrektor: dr. J. Lagan oraz z Woj. Poradni
Przeciwgruzliczej w Katowicach Dyrektor: dr. F. Westrych. Adres:
Katowice, Woj. Szpital MSW.

(TUBERCULOSIS, PULMONARY, bleed in
protein level, electrophoresis (Pol))

LEXA , F.

LEXA F. Hay harvest. p. 205

Vol. 8, no. 5, May 1956

AGRATUDOMANY

AGRICULTURE

Budapest, Hungary

So: East European A ccession, Vol. 6, No. 3, March 1957

LEXA, J.

LEXA, J. Daily record of research and work in research institutes. p. 471.

Vol. 5, No. 10, Oct. 1955
ZA SOCIALISTICKU VEDU A TECHNIKU
TECHNOLOGY
Praha, Czechoslovakia

Re: East European Association, Vol. 5, No. 5, May 1956

LEXA, J.

New coronagraph of the Astronomical Observatory of the Slovak Academy of Sciences at Skalnate Pleso. Biul astr Cz 14 no.3:107 '63.

1. Astronomical Institute of the Slovak Academy of Sciences, Skalnate Pleso.

1. V. K. Kostylev et al., "A new method of fabricating silicon nitride," Sov. Pat. No. 1,000,000, published in Izobr. SSSR, No. 10, 1962.

Author: Kostylev, V. V.; Leksin, V. I.

Method of fabricating silicon nitride, obtain by means of self-heating.

Method of fabricating silicon nitride, obtained by self-heating.

International Conference on Iron and Metallurgy, 1962, Moscow, USSR, p. 102.

TOPIC CODES: alginic precipitation, hydrochloric acid vapor, grain size, nitridation, compacting pressure

2. A. V. Kostylev et al., "A new method of fabricating silicon nitride from powdered silicon with admixture of aluminum oxide," Sov. Pat. No. 1,000,000, published in Izobr. SSSR, No. 10, 1962.